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A ACADEMIEI FORTELOR TERESTRE
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CUPRINS

- 1. Opinii privind reconsiderarea rolului strategic al fortelor terestre in armatele moderne;**
Gl. bg. Nicolae Uscoi

Abstract:

The nowaday armies are involved in a series of very complex activities, in various combinations in which there are certain interactions in different proportions in political, diplomatic, economic and military fields. In this context, rethinking of the strategic functions with a view to prevent and project the forces brings back in the forefront the military action of the land forces.

- 2. Relatia conflict – razboi – lupta armata;**

*Col. prof. univ. dr. Alexandru Babos,
Lt. col. lect. univ. drd. Ionel Barbulescu*

Resumé:

De nos jours, le phénomène „guerre” suppose non seulement l'action militaire – le combat armé – mais aussi des actions politiques et diplomatiques, économiques, idéologiques et psychologiques. Même dans ces circonstances, c'est le combat armé qui occupe la place centrale, par ses lois spécifiques, par le caractère et la sphère de ces lois.

- 3. Razboiul intre geopolitica si integrare;**

Gl. bg. prof. univ. dr. Constantin Oprisor

- 4. Corelatia dintre politica de aparare, securitatea nationala si doctrina militara;**

*Col. prof. univ. dr. Alexandru Babos,
Lt. col. lect. univ. drd. Ionel Barbulescu*

Abstract:

The politics is defined as a form of organization and management of the social relations specific to statal communities, relations of setting up and maintaining the internal order through the political power and which also guarantees the security of respective communities.

- 5. Masuri de securitate in sistemele informatice;**

Col. prof. univ. dr. Ion Stoian

- 6. Apararea si securitatea europeana;**

Asist. univ. Anca Dinicu

Abstract:

One of the main purposes of the Intergovernmental Conference which led to the signature of the draft Amsterdam Treaty was to make common foreign and security policy (CFSP) more effective and to equip the Union better for its role in international politics. Five fundamental objectives lie behind the Union's CFSP: to safeguard the fundamental interests and independence of the Union; to strengthen the security of the Union; to preserve peace and strengthen international security; to promote international cooperation; to consolidate democracy, the rule of law and respect for human rights.

7. Rolul rezervelor strategice in ansamblui strategiei de securitate a tarii;
Lect. univ. drd. Ion Dacian

Abstract:

Die wesentliche Frage unseres Zeit alter ist die Krugsvorbeugung und die Friedenversicherung. So lange die Gefahr eines bewaffneter Angriffs weiter bleibt, so lange es in der Wett hei?e, Punkte gibt, setzen sich entsprechende Ma?nahmen durch, f?r die Verst?rkung der Landesverteidigungsf?higkeit

8. Profesionalism si profesionalizare in Fortele Terestre;
Mr. lect. univ. drd. Laurentiu Grigore

Abstract:

Land forces is the oldest, most numerous and most important branch of army. Professionalization of this branch as an objective requirement entailed by giving a technical character to combat, by cybernetization of the battlefield, automatization of command and by the requirements of an efficient military action.

9. Aspecte ale politicii de securitate a României in sud-estul Europei la inceputul secolului al XX-lea;

Lt. col. drd. Alexandru Rizescu.

Abstract

At the beginning of the XXth century the field of the cooperation and good-neighbour mainly due to the strategic interests of the great powers, interests articulated through engendering of certain interval disagreements, faction dissensions with finally generated certain conflicts and disputes between the former allies.

These circumstance render most of the politicians and historians of the above mentioned period to consider the Balkan Peninsula as "the gunpowder barrel of Europe".

10. Europa postbelica. Formarea „democra?ilor populare” in Europa de Est;
Col. (r) conf. univ. dr. Gheorghe Bichicean

Abrégé

A la fin de la guerre, un "Rideau de Fer" s'est instauré en Europe, séparant deux mondes qui s'excluaient mutuellement. Obsédée par la nécessité de rétablir ses atouts, l'URSS a renoncé ses actions visant à imposer le pouvoir communiste dans les pays où les Alliés lui avaient offert la possibilité d'exercer son "influence".

11. Câmpul de lupta fluid;
Mr. instr. sef Carol Moldovan

Abstract

L' ouvrage „Le champ de bataille fluide” aborde de manière succincte les changement susceptibles d'intervenir dans la future configuration du champ de bataille moderne par la mise en valeur des avantage de l' actuelle révolution technologique, les nouveaux équipements utilisés par les Forces Futures et la réalisation de connexions digitalisées entre les composantes du champ de bataille.

12. Repere evolutive ale normarii sociale specifice domeniului militar;

Lt. col. Benoni Sfârlog

Abrégé

Le domaine militaire devient la composante distincte du social simultanément avec l'apparition d'une nouvelle modalité d'édifier l'organisation sociale – la réglementation des normes militaires.

L'évolution en plan normatif met en évidence des transferts permanents entre les différentes composantes du social. Les connexions qui caractérisent le processus d'évolution normative ont un impact majeur sur l'évolution sociale.